

Structural Analysis of the White House National Policy Framework for Artificial Intelligence

A National Policy Framework for Artificial Intelligence — Legislative Recommendations

Formal prescription decomposition using THE FRAME Normalizer

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1. Recomposed Statement Verification

Before structural analysis, each recomposed statement was verified to confirm full integration of the submitted justification and expected outcome. The recomposed statement formula applied by the Normalizer is:

[Subject] [Verb] [Object], because [Justification], in order to [Expected Outcome]

All nine recomposed statements were verified. In P5 and P9, the passive formulation of the prescription ('must be prohibited', 'must be made accessible') produces a recomposed statement without an explicit grammatical subject, which is itself an analytical finding documented below.

2. Normalizer Results — P1 to P9

P1 — Child Protection and Parental Empowerment (General)

Field	Content
Prescription	<i>AI platforms and services must implement measures to protect children and empower parents to control their childrens digital environment</i>
Justification	Children are a vulnerable population requiring specific protections in digital environments and parents are the primary responsible parties for their childrens upbringing and AI platforms create new vectors of risk for minors that existing protections do not fully address
Expected Outcome	Minors are protected from harmful content and exploitation on AI platforms and parents have effective tools to manage their childrens exposure and usage
Goal	<i>Absent — not determinable without identifying the prescribing authority</i>

Unbound Variables

- 'AI platforms and services' — scope undefined: which platforms qualify? all services? only those marketed to minors?
- 'must implement measures' — content of measures entirely undefined, no standard or enumeration
- 'protect children' — protection standard absent, no metric or threshold
- 'empower parents' — tools not specified, operationalisation absent
- 'digital environment' — scope unbounded

Structural Profile

Subject: Ambiguous | Verb: Ambiguous | Object: Ambiguous | Justification: Explicit | Mechanism: Absent*

P2 — Age-Assurance Requirements for Minor-Accessible Platforms

Field	Content
Prescription	<i>AI platforms likely to be accessed by minors must implement age-assurance requirements including parental attestation</i>
Justification	Age-appropriate access controls are necessary to enforce differentiated protections for minors and parental attestation ensures that a responsible adult has acknowledged the risks and consented to access
Expected Outcome	Minors do not access AI platforms without age verification and a parent or guardian has provided informed consent before access is granted
Goal	<i>Absent — not determinable without identifying the prescribing authority</i>

Unbound Variables

- 'likely to be accessed by minors' — probability threshold absent, no criterion for what makes a platform 'likely' to attract minors
- 'age-assurance requirements' — technical standard absent, no specification of acceptable method
- 'parental attestation' — form and verification method absent, no criterion for valid attestation
- Scope of application (all AI platforms vs. specific categories) — not defined

Structural Profile

Subject: Ambiguous | Verb: Explicit | Object: Ambiguous | Justification: Explicit | Mechanism: Absent*

P3 — Risk Reduction Features for Minor-Accessible Platforms

Field	Content
Prescription	<i>AI platforms likely to be accessed by minors must implement features that reduce the risks of sexual exploitation and self-harm to minors</i>
Justification	AI systems can generate content that facilitates grooming exploitation and self-harm and minors lack the cognitive and emotional development to recognize and resist such risks and platform-level intervention is more reliable than user-level mitigation
Expected Outcome	Minors are not exposed to content or interactions that facilitate sexual exploitation or self-harm through AI platforms
Goal	<i>Absent — not determinable without identifying the prescribing authority</i>

Unbound Variables

- 'features' — content undefined, no specification of what constitutes a qualifying feature
- 'reduce the risks' — reduction threshold absent, no minimum effectiveness standard
- 'sexual exploitation' — definitional scope not established in this document
- 'self-harm' — definitional scope not established in this document
- Same subject ambiguity as P2: 'likely to be accessed by minors' without probability criterion

Structural Profile

Subject: Ambiguous | Verb: Ambiguous | Object: Ambiguous | Justification: Explicit | Mechanism: Absent*

P4 — Child Privacy Compliance for AI Systems

Field	Content
Prescription	<i>AI systems must comply with existing child privacy protections including limits on data collection for model training and targeted advertising</i>
Justification	Existing child privacy law reflects established social consensus on protecting minors from commercial exploitation and AI systems introduce new modalities of data collection that existing compliance frameworks must cover
Expected Outcome	No data collected from minors is used for AI model training or targeted advertising without explicit legal authorization
Goal	<i>Absent — not determinable without identifying the prescribing authority</i>

Unbound Variables

- 'AI systems' — scope undefined, which systems qualify
- 'existing child privacy protections' — object is externalized to a legal corpus not reproduced in this document; jurisdiction-dependent
- 'model training' — scope of the prohibition not defined: all training data? synthetic data? anonymized data?
- 'explicit legal authorization' — authorization standard and process absent

Structural Profile

Subject: Ambiguous | Verb: Explicit | Object: Externalized | Justification: Explicit | Mechanism: Absent*

P5 — Prohibition of AI-Generated Child Sexual Abuse Material

Field	Content
Prescription	<i>AI-generated child sexual abuse material must be prohibited under applicable laws</i>
Justification	The harm of child sexual abuse material is not contingent on whether the content is generated by AI or through direct abuse and AI generation creates a scalable vector for production of such material that existing prohibitions must explicitly cover
Expected Outcome	AI-generated child sexual abuse material is treated as equivalent to non-AI-generated material under applicable law and no platform may generate or distribute such content
Goal	<i>Absent — not determinable without identifying the prescribing authority</i>

Unbound Variables

- Subject/agent absent — passive formulation ('must be prohibited') does not identify the actor responsible for the prohibition
- 'applicable laws' — object is externalized to a legal corpus, jurisdiction-dependent
- Legislative vs. regulatory vs. platform-level prohibition — modality not specified
- Enforcement mechanism — absent from this document

Structural Profile

Subject: Absent (passive) | Verb: Explicit | Object: Explicit | Justification: Explicit | Mechanism: Absent*

P6 — Ratepayer Cost Protection from AI Infrastructure

Field	Content
Prescription	<i>AI infrastructure development must not result in increased electricity costs for residential ratepayers</i>
Justification	AI data center construction creates significant new electricity demand and the cost of this demand must not be externalized onto residential ratepayers who derive no direct benefit from AI infrastructure buildout
Expected Outcome	Residential electricity costs remain unaffected by AI infrastructure expansion and AI developers bear the full cost of their energy consumption
Goal	<i>Absent — not determinable without identifying the prescribing authority</i>

Unbound Variables

- 'AI infrastructure development' — scope of actors undefined: which developers? which projects?
- 'result in' — causal attribution method absent: no mechanism to establish whether rate increases are caused by AI infrastructure vs. other grid factors
- 'increased electricity costs' — baseline absent, counterfactual absent, attribution methodology absent
- 'residential ratepayers' — geographic scope undefined
- Regulatory authority responsible for enforcement — absent

Structural Profile

Subject: Ambiguous | Verb: Explicit | Object: Ambiguous | Justification: Explicit | Mechanism: Absent*

P7 — Anti-Fraud and Anti-Impersonation Measures

Field	Content
Prescription	<i>AI platforms and services must implement measures to combat AI-enabled impersonation scams and fraud targeting vulnerable populations</i>
Justification	AI enables increasingly convincing impersonation at scale and vulnerable populations such as seniors lack the technical literacy to detect AI-generated fraud and platform-level countermeasures are more effective than user-level awareness
Expected Outcome	Vulnerable populations are not deceived by AI-enabled impersonation and fraud attempts are detected and blocked at the platform level before reaching end users
Goal	<i>Absent — not determinable without identifying the prescribing authority</i>

Unbound Variables

- 'measures' — content undefined, no specification of qualifying countermeasures
- 'combat' — effectiveness threshold absent, no minimum success rate
- 'AI-enabled impersonation scams' — technical identification criterion absent: what distinguishes AI-enabled from conventional fraud?
- 'vulnerable populations' — population definition absent beyond the illustrative example of seniors
- Detection and blocking obligation in expected outcome — operationalisation absent

Structural Profile

Subject: Ambiguous | Verb: Ambiguous | Object: Ambiguous | Justification: Explicit | Mechanism: Absent*

P8 — National Security Consultation for Frontier AI

Field	Content
Prescription	<i>AI developers must consult with national security agencies to identify and mitigate potential risks from frontier AI model capabilities</i>
Justification	Frontier AI models may possess capabilities with national security implications that developers cannot fully assess independently and national security agencies have the institutional knowledge to evaluate these risks and recommend mitigations
Expected Outcome	Potential national security risks from frontier AI models are identified before deployment and mitigations are established through coordination between developers and relevant agencies
Goal	<i>Absent — not determinable without identifying the prescribing authority</i>

Unbound Variables

- 'AI developers' — scope undefined: all developers? only those building frontier models? threshold for 'frontier' absent
- 'frontier AI model capabilities' — no quantitative or qualitative definition of frontier threshold
- 'national security agencies' — which agencies? not enumerated
- 'consult' — form, frequency, timing, and outcome obligations absent: what constitutes a completed consultation?
- 'mitigate' — mitigation standard absent, no success criterion or minimum requirement

Structural Profile

Subject: Ambiguous | Verb: Explicit | Object: Ambiguous | Justification: Explicit | Mechanism: Absent*

P9 — Small Business Access to AI Resources

Field	Content
Prescription	<i>AI resources including grants and technical assistance must be made accessible to small businesses</i>
Justification	AI capability is currently concentrated among large enterprises with resources to develop and deploy AI tools and small businesses lack the capital and expertise to access AI benefits without structured support
Expected Outcome	Small businesses have access to AI tools and knowledge at a cost and complexity level appropriate to their capacity and AI economic benefits are distributed across the full range of American industry
Goal	<i>Absent — not determinable without identifying the prescribing authority</i>

Unbound Variables

- Agent absent — passive formulation ('must be made accessible') does not identify the actor responsible: Congress? Federal agencies? State programs?
- 'AI resources' — scope and content undefined: which resources qualify?
- 'accessible' — accessibility standard absent: what level of cost and complexity is 'appropriate to their capacity'?
- 'small businesses' — size definition absent (employee count? revenue threshold? sector?)
- 'American industry' — geographic scope implies US-only, potential conflict with international operators

Structural Profile

Subject: Absent (passive) | Verb: Explicit | Object: Ambiguous | Justification: Explicit | Mechanism: Absent*

3. Synthesis Table — P1 to P9

* Absent from this document. Status in the complete legislative or regulatory system: not determinable by an external auditor.

ID	Subject	Verb	Object	Justification	Mechanism	Category
P1	Ambiguous	Ambiguous	Ambiguous	Explicit	Absent*	Standard — actor scope undefined
P2	Ambiguous	Explicit	Ambiguous	Explicit	Absent*	Subject ambiguous — probability threshold
P3	Ambiguous	Ambiguous	Ambiguous	Explicit	Absent*	Inherits P2 subject ambiguity
P4	Ambiguous	Explicit	Externalized	Explicit	Absent*	Object externalized to legal corpus
P5	Absent (passive)	Explicit	Explicit	Explicit	Absent*	Agent-absent — passive formulation
P6	Ambiguous	Explicit	Ambiguous	Explicit	Absent*	Causal attribution absent
P7	Ambiguous	Ambiguous	Ambiguous	Explicit	Absent*	Standard — 'vulnerable populations' unbound
P8	Ambiguous	Explicit	Ambiguous	Explicit	Absent*	'Frontier' threshold absent
P9	Absent (passive)	Explicit	Ambiguous	Explicit	Absent*	Agent-absent — passive formulation

4. General Structural Conclusion

Across nine prescriptions extracted from two sections of the White House National Policy Framework for Artificial Intelligence, four structural patterns are identified.

Pattern 1 — Execution mechanism absent in 100% of prescriptions

No prescription in this document contains an execution mechanism. This is consistent with the legislative genre of the document: it addresses Congress as the implementing actor, not an identified operational agent. The finding is therefore not a defect of drafting but a structural property of the normative register — legislative recommendations operate upstream of implementation.

Pattern 2 — Justification explicit in 100% of prescriptions

Every prescription provides an explicit justification. This distinguishes the White House document structurally from documents such as the Anthropic Constitution (January 2026), where justification is frequently ambiguous or circular. The rationale for each prescription is clear and non-circular. The gap is exclusively in execution, not in motivation.

Pattern 3 — Two agent-absent prescriptions via passive formulation

P5 and P9 use passive formulations ('must be prohibited', 'must be made accessible') that suppress the responsible actor from the prescription structure. This is not a stylistic choice: it is a structural decision that defers the allocation of responsibility. A structurally bound version of each prescription would require identifying the actor (Congress, a federal agency, platforms) before the obligation can be evaluated for coherence.

Pattern 4 — Scope of application systematically undefined

'AI platforms and services', 'AI systems', 'AI developers', and 'AI infrastructure development' appear as subjects across eight of nine prescriptions without a common definition or scope criterion. The same actor is addressed under different labels without establishing whether these refer to the same set of entities. This creates a cross-prescription coherence risk: obligations may apply to overlapping or inconsistent actor populations depending on interpretation.

Overall Finding

The document is structurally coherent at the level of justification: every prescription knows why it prescribes. It is structurally incomplete at the level of execution: no prescription specifies how compliance is achieved, measured, or verified. This is the expected structural property of a legislative recommendation document. The analytical finding of THE FRAME Normalizer is therefore not a critique of the document's purpose but a formal demonstration of the gap between normative intent and operational executability — a gap that any implementing regulation would need to close.